UCL International Hepatology
ULTRASOUND COURSE







INTRODUCTION TO NORMAL LIVER ULTRASOUND



Department of Gastroenterology and Hepatology

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WFUMB Center of Education

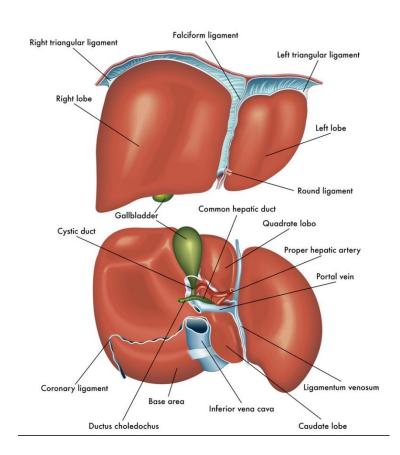
EFSUMB Ultrasound Learning Center







- Anatomical elements
- Vascular structures portal vein and hepatic artery with their branches, suprahepatic veins
- Bile ducts
- Ligaments
- Relationships with surrounding organs (RK, right adrenal gland, gallbladder, pancreas, stomach, diaphragm)



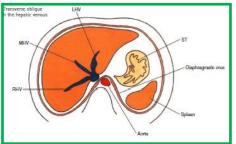
EXAMINATION TECHNIQUE

- Patient in fasting conditions
- Complete, systematic sweeping of the entire liver structure in at least
 2 sections, transverse and longitudinal, is required
- Identification of vascular structures
- Characterization of liver structure normally homogeneous
- The liver creates an ultrasound window to examine the organs in the right hypochondrium, e.g. gallbladder, right kidney.

SUBCOSTAL RIGHT OBLIQUE SECTION

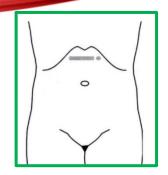








LEFT LIVER LOBE







RIGHT LIVER LOBE

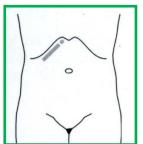






SUBCOSTAL RIGHT OBLIQUE SECTION

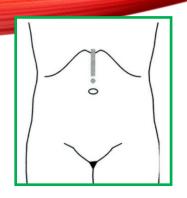
- Hepatic veins
- Bifurcation of the portal vein



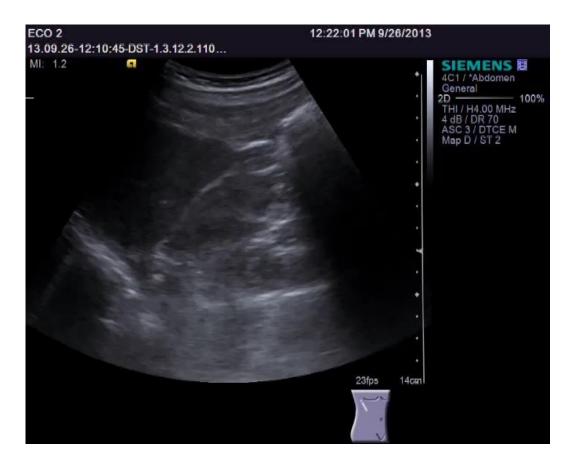




LONGITUDINAL SECTION







Perpendicular to the costal rim





HILUM SECTION



INTERCOSTAL SECTIONS







LIVER SURFACE

• High frequency probe



Hyperechoic



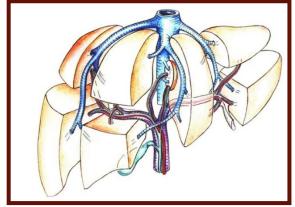
Transonic



LIVER SEGMENTATION (COUINAUD – 1954)

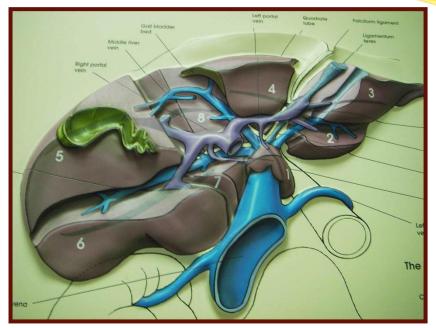
- Caudate lobe segment I
- Left liver lobe. segments I-IV
- Right liver lobe segments V-VIII
- Each of these segments has its own vascular and biliary architecture. The segments are autonomous units, each unit can be resected without damaging the remaining segments.





Fluture V. – Rezectia hepatica, Ed.de Vest 2003





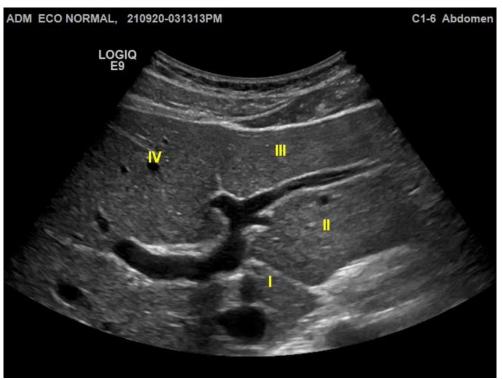
LONGITUDINAL SECTION LLL





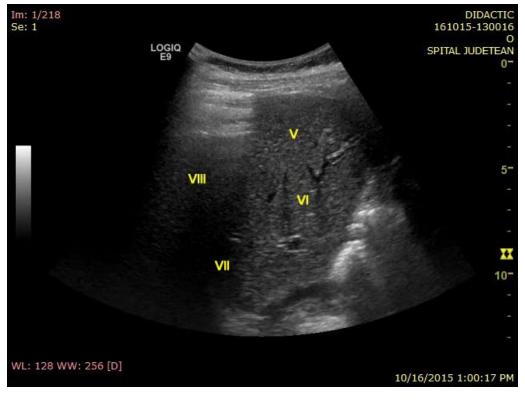
TRANSVERSE SECTION LLL





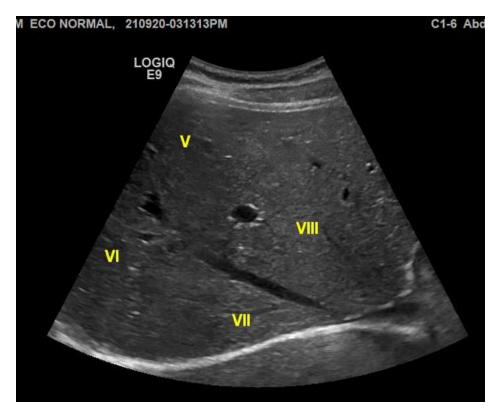
LONGITUDINAL SECTION RLL



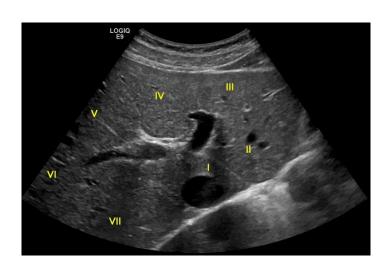


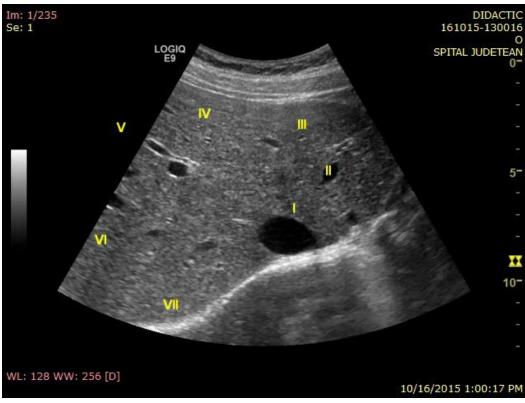
VI VII

TRANSVERSE SECTION RLL



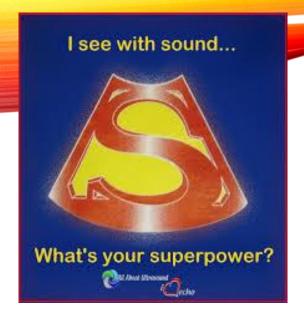
SUBCOSTAL RIGHT OBLIQUE SECTION

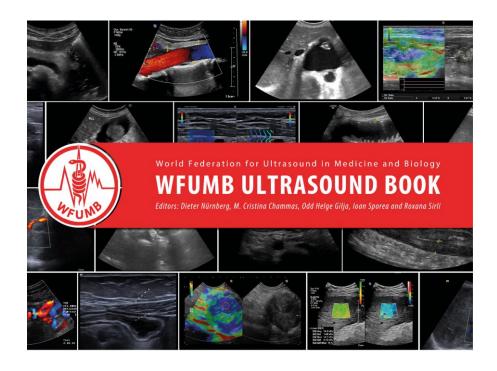




TAKE HOME MESSAGES!

- The examination of the liver require a complete, systematic sweeping of the entire liver structure in at least 2 sections, transverse and longitudinal
- Identification of vascular structures hepatic veins and the portal vein
- Identification of the hilum structures portal vein, main biliary duct, hepatic artery
- Characterization of liver structure normally homogeneous





http://wfumb.info/wfumb-ultrasound-book